Fire**super** Supernews

No. 11<u>1</u> January 2016

The Trustees welcome you to the latest edition of the Fire Service Superannuation Scheme's Supernews, in which you'll find the latest news and information about your Scheme and superannuation in general.



FINANCIAL MARKETS CONDUCT ACT

transition the Scheme to the Financial Markets Conduct Act (FMC Act) regime by 30 September this year. The FMC Act replaces most of New Zealand's existing financial markets conduct law and will come into full effect on 1 December 2016. Its aim is to help provide investors with an environment in which they can make informed, confident decisions about New Zealand investment products.

It should be pointed out that the move to meet FMC

As mentioned in the annual report, we intend to

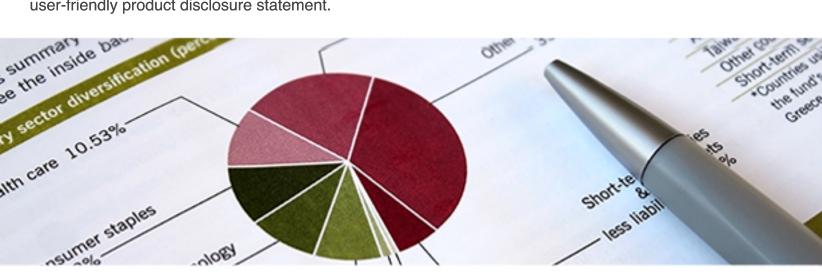
Act requirements will not affect your membership of the Scheme or your benefits in any way. Much of what is occurring is more administrative and 'behind-the-scenes' in nature, although one obvious change will be the replacement of the Scheme's investment statement with a more user-friendly product disclosure statement.

legislation, including the appointment of Tim McGuinness as the Scheme's licensed independent trustee. We are also well under way in amending the Scheme's trust deed, and the statement of investment policy and objectives, which sets out the Scheme's investment governance and management framework and strategies. We will continue keeping you up-to-date with

We have already made a fair amount of progress

towards meeting the requirements of the new

progress as we move towards the September deadline. The Financial Markets Authority's website, fma.govt.nz can also provide you with plenty of information about the FMC Act.



A tough September guarter... A change of month was enough to create a change

FINANCIAL MARKET PERFORMANCE

Global markets displayed real signs of uncertainty in the September quarter, with investors particularly

concerned about impending headwinds facing the world economy. The slowdown in the Chinese economy continued

to keep pressure on commodity prices, leading to a

knock-on effect for global trading activity. This,

together with growing uncertainty about US interest rate increases, caused a spike in market volatility during the quarter. Global share markets provided their worst performance in nearly four years, falling 10%. New Zealand shares also lost ground, but to a much

lesser extent than their offshore counterparts, with the local market protected by support for income-earning shares. ...followed by a very strong rebound in October

Relative to the strong returns seen in recent years,

market being a notable exception) lost ground over the period. However, a significant fall in the 'kiwi'

developed markets regained almost 8% during October; even emerging markets made solid ground, while, locally, New Zealand shares were up 7% in a broad-based recovery. Despite ongoing concerns, markets were helped along by the likes of the European Central Bank,

of heart among investors. After the sharp losses on

global share markets in the September quarter,

stimulus programme, including further interest rate reductions. Better-than-expected earnings reports out of the US also boosted investor confidence. ...and into November -After a strong rebound in October, markets turned

in a mixed performance for November. While

which indicated it may extend its economic

markets looked past the terrorist attack in Paris and

2.0%

geopolitical concerns, investors signalled concern over global growth.

Earning rates for the eight months to 30 November

these are somewhat modest, although clearly still 2015 are shown in the chart below: in positive territory. Share markets (the domestic

SCHEME EARNING RATES

offered a boost to the performance of global assets in NZ dollar terms. Fixed interest markets also provided some relief (with the domestic market again performing relatively well). For detailed information about the Scheme's investment performance, see the quarterly investment update and Russell Investments quarterly investment report, both of which are available on our website,

www.firesuper.co.nz/investmentperformance.

3,5% 3,0% 2.6% 2.5%

Returns * for the 8 months to 30 November 2015



LEAVING YOUR SAVINGS IN THE

If you choose this option, you need to let the

Trustees know within one month of the date you leave service. The Scheme rules allow you to leave your retirement accumulation in the Scheme and make Other conditions apply. For further information refer to the Scheme's investment statement. up to four withdrawals a year free of charge.

- HOW MUCH WILL BE ENOUGH?

SCHEME WHEN YOU RETIRE

PLANNING FOR YOUR RETIREMENT

There can be a wide gap between what you

enjoy your retirement years.

actually need and what you would like to have to

Did you know that you don't have to withdraw your

retirement accumulation when you retire?

lifestyle you want, establishing the actual 'running' You may be content with a 'no-frills' lifestyle, which costs less by providing a more basic standard of costs can also be a challenge. You could seek the guidance of an authorised financial adviser, while living that doesn't allow for many, if any, luxuries. On the other hand, maybe you want the 'choice' of the Sorted website, sorted.org.nz/calculators, has a a better (though by no means extravagant) level of number of very useful calculators to help you

cost you.

Centre.

car or being able to help towards your grandchildren's education costs. There could also be a point in between no frills and choice that you are comfortable with. Even when classifying the essentials, such as food, electricity

retirement. This means having enough income to

higher level of medical insurance, a better-quality

allow you to include some luxuries, such as a

and transport, there is scope for you to decide how much you want to spend over and above what is considered necessary in each of these categories. A major influence on having the ability to select between no frills and choice is how far you are from retirement. If you are in your 30s or 40s, for example, you have a much longer savings timeframe, perhaps up to 30 years. However, the ability to put more aside for those extras may be

more difficult if you are already in your 50s. With so many variables, it is difficult to work out the difference between the costs of the two retirement lifestyle options. However, as an indication, a recent survey* of retirement expenditure (based on a one-person household in a metropolitan area)

indicated that, on average, a no-frills lifestyle would cost around \$490 a week, compared with \$754 for

a choices lifestyle. The survey also suggests

Even once you have worked out what sort of

establish what your retirement is actually going to

that only no-frills retirees living in major cities could

manage on New Zealand Superannuation by itself.

Sorted includes a planner that allows you to work out how much income you'll need and what you must do, savings-wise, to get there. It allows for inflation, including calculating how much your current superannuation and other savings will be worth when you retire. A useful tip: Identify something you'd particularly like to do after you retire - perhaps a special

overseas trip or some house alterations. Work out what you think it will cost (no need to be too precise) and set a separate savings goal to ensure you can afford to pay for it when the time comes.

No matter what your age, it is worth weighing up

sooner rather than later what is likely to be necessary to you in retirement and what is seen as nice to have, but can be classed as optional. *NZ Retirement Expenditure Guidelines 2015, produced for Workplace Savings NZ by the Fin-Ed

This document has been prepared by Mercer (N.Z.) Limited on behalf of the trustees of the New Zealand Fire Service Superannuation Scheme. The information in this document is intended for general guidance only and is not personalised to you. It does not take into account your particular financial situation or goals. It is not financial advice or a recommendation. We recommend that you read the Investment Statement and take financial advice before making any investment decisions. In addition, past performance cannot be relied upon as a guide to future performance.